US National Debt Data, 1987-2017

Year	US national debt (trillions of dollars)
1987	2.4
1989	2.9
1991	3.7
1993	4.4
1995	5
1997	5.4
1999	5.7
2001	5.8
2003	6.8
2005	7.9
2007	9
2009	11.9
2011	14.8
2013	16.7
2015	18.1
2017	20.2

	Formulate a Mathematical Model		Decide What to Model	UK III	2
To improve at this skill, you could: Check your model more ca Consider a wider variety of Think about the situation me Convince a skeptic: Preten would a skeptic find wrong	 An appropriate model is chosen and represented clearly. Diagrams, graphs, etc. are clear and appropriately labeled. 	 To improve at this skill, you could: Ask questions about the situation to Check the assumptions you're making involved in the scenario. Would thos Double-check the variables you've is something you've identified as a variable and speed are also quantities.) 	 Assumptions made are clearly identified and justified. Resulting limitations are stated when appropriate. Variables of interest are clearly identified and chosen wisely, and appropriate units of measure are used. 	Proficient	
ove at this skill, you could: Check your model more carefully to make sure it really fits well Consider a wider variety of possible models, to find one that fits the situation better Think about the situation more deeply before trying to find a model Convince a skeptic: Pretend that you think your model is inadequate, or ask a frienwould a skeptic find wrong with your model? Try to fix those things, or explain why	 Parts of the model are unclear, incomplete, or contain mistakes. 	ove at this skill, you could: Ask questions about the situation to understand it better Check the assumptions you're making to see if they're reasonable (Try as involved in the scenario. Would those assumptions make sense to you?) Double-check the variables you've identified: Are there other quantities in something you've identified as a variable that is actually fixed or determin time and speed are also quantities.)	 Assumptions are noted but lacking in justification or difficult to find. Variables of interest are noted, but may lack justification, be difficult to find, or not be measured with appropriate units. 	Developing	Score
t really fits well ind one that fits the situation ing to find a model model is inadequate, or ask to fix those things, or explai	 No model is presented, or presentation contains significant errors. 	it better hey're reasonable (Try askin ins make sense to you?) there other quantities in the actually fixed or determined?	 No assumptions are stated. No variables are defined. 	Needs Revisiting	
ove at this skill, you could: Check your model more carefully to make sure it really fits well Consider a wider variety of possible models, to find one that fits the situation better Think about the situation more deeply before trying to find a model Convince a skeptic: Pretend that you think your model is inadequate, or ask a friend to pretend to be skeptical of it. What would a skeptic find wrong with your model? Try to fix those things, or explain why they're not actually problems.		ove at this skill, you could: Ask questions about the situation to understand it better Check the assumptions you're making to see if they're reasonable (Try asking a friend, or imagining that you're a person involved in the scenario. Would those assumptions make sense to you?) Double-check the variables you've identified: Are there other quantities in the situation that could vary? Is there something you've identified as a variable that is actually fixed or determined? (Remember that more abstract things like time and speed are also quantities.)		Notes of Comments	

SKIII		Score		Notes or Comments
OKIII	Proficient	Developing	Needs Revisiting	Notes of Commen
Use Your Model to	Solution is relevant to original problem.Reader can easily	 Solution is not well-aligned to original problem, or 	 No solution is provided. 	
Conclusion	understand the reasoning leading to the solution. Relevant details are included like units of measure.	aspects of the solution are difficult to understand or incomplete.		
	To improve at this skill, you could: Double-check your calcula calculations again later	ove at this skill, you could: Double-check your calculations: Show them to someone else to calculations again later	omeone else to see if they aç	see if they agree, or take a break and look at your
	 Make sure your calculations are Justilial reasoning matches up with your model Think more deeply about what your conscious to scenario, or explain your conclusions to the provide the provided provided the provided provid	reasoning matches up with your model Think more deeply about what your conclusions mean in the ori scenario, or explain your conclusions to someone else and see	mean in the original scenario: Imagin e else and see if they have questions	reasoning matches up with your model Think more deeply about what your conclusions mean in the original scenario: Imagine you're a person involved in the scenario, or explain your conclusions to someone else and see if they have questions
Refine and Share Your	 The model's implications are clearly stated 	 The limitations of the model and solution are 	 No interpretation of model and solution is provided 	
Model	 clearly stated. The limitations of the model and solution are addressed. 	solution are addressed but lacking in depth or ignoring key components.	is provided.	
	To improve at this skill, you could: Think more creatively about understand better because Be skeptical of your model	could: y about what your conclusions cause of these conclusions' model: What don't you like a	ove at this skill, you could: Think more creatively about what your conclusions mean: Ask yourself "If I was involved in this sunderstand better because of these conclusions? What would I want to do next?" Be skeptical of your model: What don't you like about it, and what can you do to fix those things?	ove at this skill, you could: Think more creatively about what your conclusions mean: Ask yourself "If I was involved in this situation, what would I understand better because of these conclusions? What would I want to do next?" Be skeptical of your model: What don't you like about it, and what can you do to fix those things?
	Explain your model to someone els good, you might need to change it.	o someone else: Tell them he to change it.	now it works and why it's goo	Explain your model to someone else: Tell them how it works and why it's good. If you're not sure how it works or why it's good, you might need to change it.

Advice on Modeling

These are some steps that successful modelers often take, and questions that they ask themselves. You don't necessarily have to do all of these steps, or do them in order. Only do the parts that you think will help you make progress.



Understand the Question

Think about what the question means before you start making a strategy to answer it. Are there words you want to look up? Does the scenario make sense? Is there anything you want to get clearer on before you start? Ask your classmates or teacher if you need to.



Refine the Question

If necessary, rewrite the question you are trying to answer so that it is more specific.



Estimate a Reasonable Answer

If you don't have enough information to decide what's reasonable, try to come up with an answer that would be too low, and an answer that would be too high.



Identify Unknowns

- What are the meaningful quantities in this situation? Write them
 down
- What information would be useful to know? In order to get that information, you could: look it up, take a measurement, or make an assumption.



Gather Information

Write down any of the unknown information that you find. As you work, organize your information in a way that makes sense to you.



Experiment!

Try different ideas to make progress toward answering your question. If you are stuck, think about:

- Helpful ways to organize the information you have or organize your work
- Questions you can answer using the information you have
- Ways to represent mathematical relationships or sets of data (tables, equations, scatter plots, graphs, statistical plots)
- Tools that are available for representing mathematics, both digital and analog



Check Your Reasoning

Do you have a first answer to your question? Great! See if it's reasonable.

- Make sure you can explain what the answer means in terms of the original problem.
- Check your precision: Is your answer overly precise (do you really need all those decimal places)? Not precise enough (were you overly aggressive with your rounding)?



Use and Improve Your Model

- Did you make assumptions or measurements? How can you express your model more generally, so that it would work for a range of numbers instead of the specific numbers you used?
- What are the limitations of your model? That is, what are some ways it is not realistic? Does it only work for certain inputs but not others? Are there any meaningful inputs affecting the outcome that are not accounted for? If possible, improve your model to take these into account.
- What are the implications of your model? That is, what should people or organizations do differently or smarter as a result of what your model shows? What would be effective ways to communicate with them?
- What are the areas for further research? That is, what new things are you wondering about that could be investigated, by you or someone else?