



Using Algorithms with Partial Products: 2 Two-Digit Numbers

Let's try to multiply two-digit numbers with an algorithm that uses partial products.

Warm-up

Notice and Wonder: Ways to Keep Track

What do you notice? What do you wonder?

$$\begin{array}{r}
 14000 \\
 700 \\
 350 \\
 56 \\
 \hline
 15,106
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r}
 2158 \\
 \times 7 \\
 \hline
 156 \\
 350 \\
 700 \\
 14000 \\
 \hline
 15,106
 \end{array}$$

Activity 1

Partial Products, Recorded

1. Tyler uses an algorithm to find the value of 64×87 .

$$\begin{array}{r} 64 \\ \times 87 \\ \hline 28 \\ 420 \\ 1 \text{ } 320 \\ 4800 \\ \hline 5,568 \end{array}$$

Describe each step in Tyler's method. How do you think he arrived at the last five numbers? Record your thinking.

2. Use Tyler's method to find the value of 31×15 . Then draw a diagram to check your answer.

Activity 2

Han's Multiplication Mishap

- Decide with your partner who will find each product. Show your thinking. Organize it so it can be followed by others.

$$\begin{array}{r} 19 \\ \times 32 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 32 \\ \times 19 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

- Here is Han's computation of 81×47 .

$$\begin{array}{r} 81 \\ \times 47 \\ \hline 56 \\ 40 \\ 320 \\ \hline 423 \end{array}$$

- What error or errors did Han make?

- Show the correct computation for finding the value of 81×47 .

$$\begin{array}{r} 81 \\ \times 47 \\ \hline \end{array}$$