

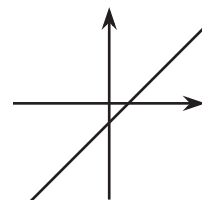
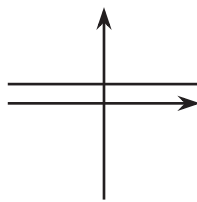
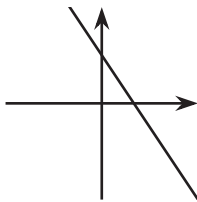


Linear Functions

Let's investigate linear functions.

8.1 Bigger and Smaller

Diego said that these graphs are ordered from smallest to largest. Mai said they are ordered from largest to smallest. But these are graphs, not numbers! What do you think Diego and Mai are thinking?

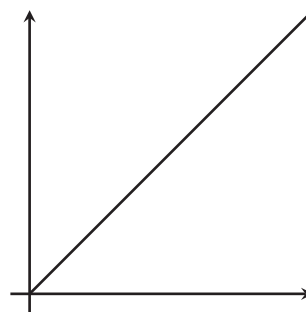


8.2

Proportional Relationships Define Linear Functions

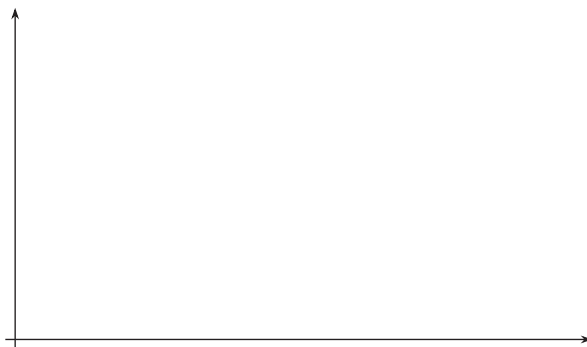
1. Jada earns \$7 per hour mowing her neighbors' lawns.
 - a. Name the two quantities in this situation that are in a functional relationship. Which did you choose to be the independent variable? What is the variable that depends on it?
 - b. Write an equation that represents the function.

- c. Here is a graph of the function. Label the axes. Label at least two points with input-output pairs.



2. To convert feet to yards, we multiply the number of feet by $\frac{1}{3}$.
 - a. Name the two quantities in this situation that are in a functional relationship. Which did you choose to be the independent variable? What is the variable that depends on it?
 - b. Write an equation that represents the function.

- c. Draw the graph of the function.
Label the axes and at least two points with input-output pairs.

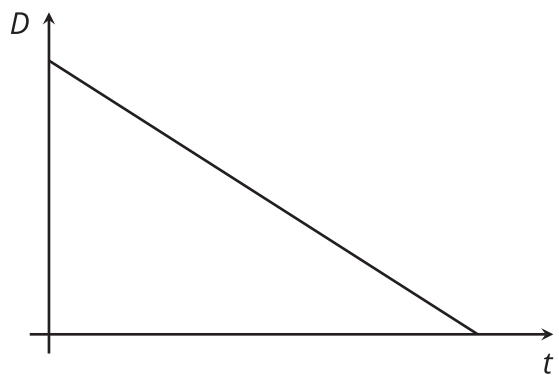


8.3

Is It Filling Up or Draining Out?

There are four tanks of water.

- The amount of water in gallons, A , in Tank A is a function of time in minutes, t , and can be represented by the equation $A = 200 + 8t$.
 - The amount of water in gallons, B , in Tank B is a function of time in minutes, t . The amount of water starts at 400 gallons and is decreasing by 5 gallons per minute.
1. Which tank started out with more water?
 2. Write an equation representing the relationship between B and t .
 3. One tank is filling up. The other is draining out. Which is which? How can you tell?
 4. The amount of water in gallons, C , in Tank C is a function of time in minutes, t , and can be represented by the equation $C = 800 - 7t$. Is it filling up or draining out? Can you tell just by looking at the equation?
 5. The graph of the function for the amount of water in gallons, D , in Tank D at time t is shown. Is it filling up or draining out? How do you know?



Are you ready for more?

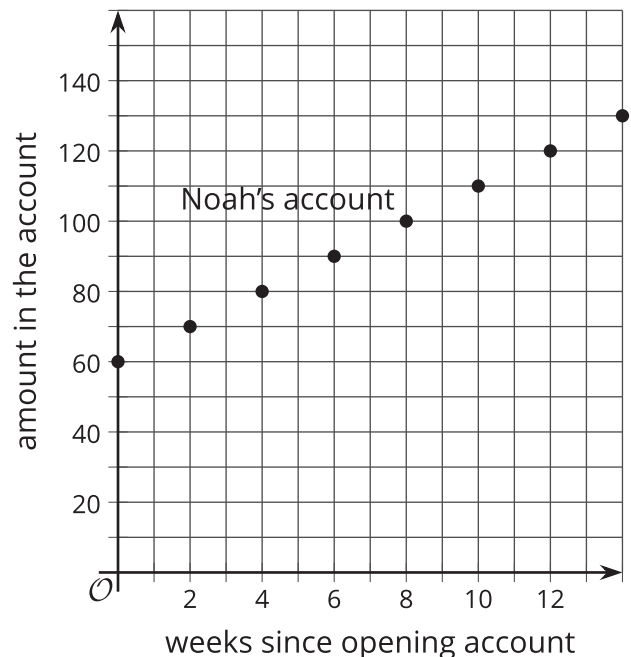
1. Pick a tank that is draining out. How long does it take for that tank to drain? What percent of the tank is full when 30% of that time has elapsed? When 70% of the time has elapsed?
2. What point in the plane is 30% of the way from $(0, 15)$ to $(5, 0)$? 70% of the way?
3. What point in the plane is 30% of the way from $(3, 5)$ to $(8, 6)$? 70% of the way?

8.4 Which Is Growing Faster?

Noah is depositing money in his account every week to save money. The graph shows the amount he has saved as a function of time since he opened his account.

Elena opened an account the same day as Noah. The amount of money E in her account is given by the function $E = 8w + 60$, where w is the number of weeks since the account was opened.

1. Who started out with more money in their account? Explain how you know.
2. Who is saving money at a faster rate? Explain how you know.
3. How much will Noah save over the course of a year if he does not make any withdrawals? How long will it take Elena to save that much?



Lesson 8 Summary

Suppose a car is traveling at 30 miles per hour. The relationship between the time in hours and the distance in miles is a proportional relationship.

We can represent this relationship with an equation of the form $d = 30t$, where distance is a function of time (since each input of time has exactly one output of distance).

Or we could write the equation $t = \frac{1}{30}d$ instead, where time is a function of distance (since each input of distance has exactly one output of time).

More generally, if we represent a linear function with an equation like $y = mx + b$, then b is the initial value (which is 0 for proportional relationships), and m is the rate of change of the function.

If m is positive, the function is increasing.

If m is negative, the function is decreasing.

If we represent a linear function in a different way, say with a graph, we can use what we know about graphs of lines to find the m and b values and, if needed, write an equation.

