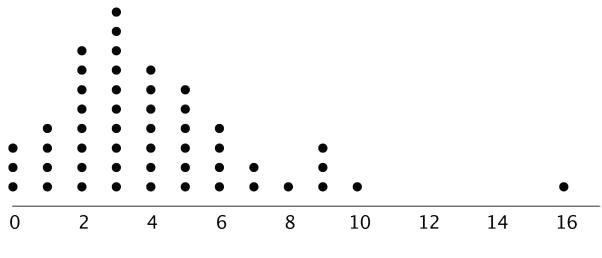
Unit 8 Lesson 5: Using Dot Plots to Answer Statistical Questions

1 Packs on Backs (Warm up)

Student Task Statement

This dot plot shows the weights of backpacks, in kilograms, of 50 sixth-grade students at a school in New Zealand.



weight in kilograms

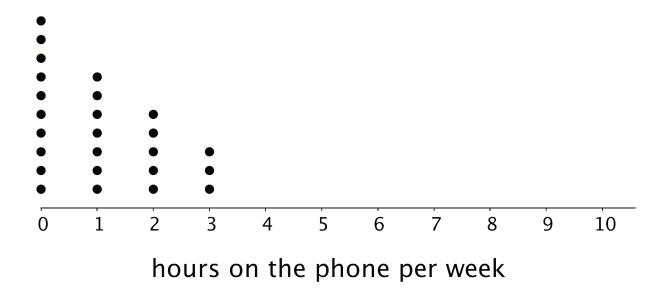
- 1. The dot plot shows several dots at 0 kilograms. What could a value of 0 mean in this context?
- 2. Clare and Tyler studied the dot plot.
 - Clare said, "I think we can use 3 kilograms to describe a typical backpack weight of the group because it represents 20%—or the largest portion—of the data."
 - Tyler disagreed and said, "I think 3 kilograms is too low to describe a typical weight. Half
 of the dots are for backpacks that are heavier than 3 kilograms, so I would use a larger
 value."

Do you agree with either of them? Explain your reasoning.

2 On the Phone

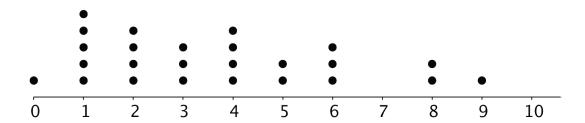
Student Task Statement

Twenty-five sixth-grade students were asked to estimate how many hours a week they spend talking on the phone. This dot plot represents their reported number of hours of phone usage per week.



- 1. a. How many of the students reported not talking on the phone during the week? Explain how you know.
 - b. What percentage of the students reported not talking on the phone?
- 2. a. What is the largest number of hours a student spent talking on the phone per week?
 - b. What percentage of the group reported talking on the phone for this amount of time?
- 3. a. How many hours would you say that these students typically spend talking on the phone?
 - b. How many minutes per day would that be?

- 4. a. How would you describe the **spread** of the data? Would you consider these students' amounts of time on the phone to be alike or different? Explain your reasoning.
 - b. Here is the dot plot from an earlier activity. It shows the number of hours per week the same group of 25 sixth-grade students reported spending on homework.



hours spent on homework per week

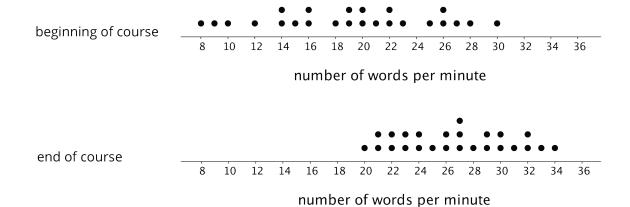
Overall, are these students more alike in the amount of time they spend talking on the phone or in the amount of time they spend on homework? Explain your reasoning.

5. Suppose someone claimed that these sixth-grade students spend too much time on the phone. Do you agree? Use your analysis of the dot plot to support your answer.

3 Click-Clack

Student Task Statement

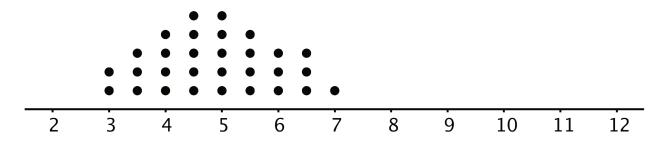
- 1. A keyboarding teacher wondered: "Do typing speeds of students improve after taking a keyboarding course?" Explain why her question is a statistical question.
- 2. The teacher recorded the number of words that her students could type per minute at the beginning of a course and again at the end. The two dot plots show the two data sets.



Based on the dot plots, do you agree with each of the following statements about this group of students? Be prepared to explain your reasoning.

- a. Overall, the students' typing speed did not improve. They typed at the same speed at the end of the course as they did at the beginning.
- b. 20 words per minute is a good estimate for how fast, in general, the students typed at the beginning of the course.
- c. 20 words per minute is a good description of the **center** of the data set at the end of the course.
- d. There was more variability in the typing speeds at the beginning of the course than at the end, so the students' typing speeds were more alike at the end.

Images for Activity Synthesis



cat weights in kilograms