



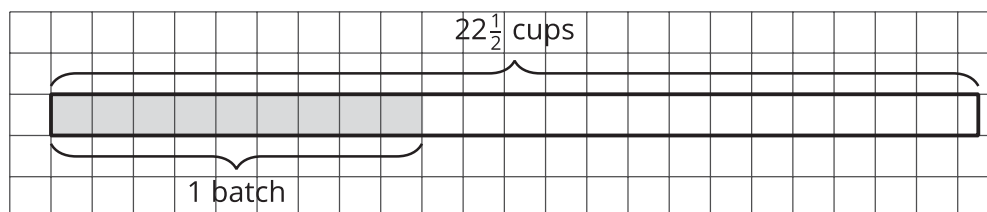
# What Fraction of a Group?

Let's think about dividing things into groups when we can't even make one whole group.

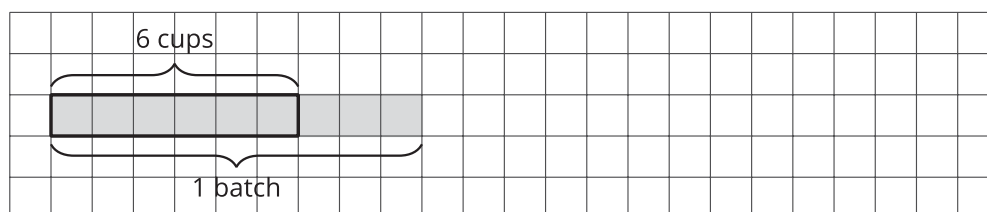
## 7.1 Notice and Wonder: Cups and Days

What do you notice? What do you wonder?

Tuesday



Thursday



## 7.2 Fractional Batches of Soup

One batch of a soup recipe uses 9 cups of milk. A chef makes different amounts of soup on different days. Here are the amounts of milk she used:

- Monday: 12 cups
- Tuesday:  $22\frac{1}{2}$  cups
- Thursday: 6 cups
- Friday:  $7\frac{1}{2}$  cups

For each question:

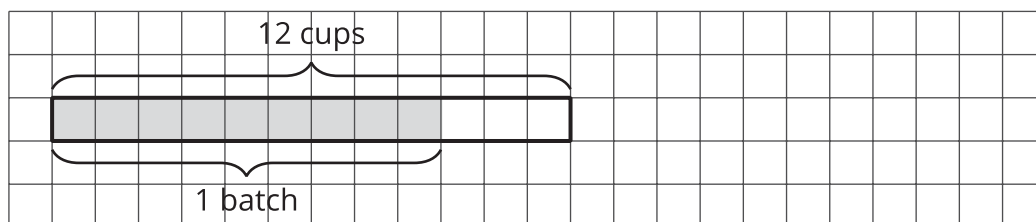
- Write a multiplication equation and a division equation that represent it. Use the “?” symbol for the unknown value.
- Answer the question. Use the partially started tape diagram to show your reasoning. The shaded region represents the cups of milk in 1 batch.

- How many batches of soup did she make on Monday?

a. Multiplication equation:

Division equation:

b. Answer:

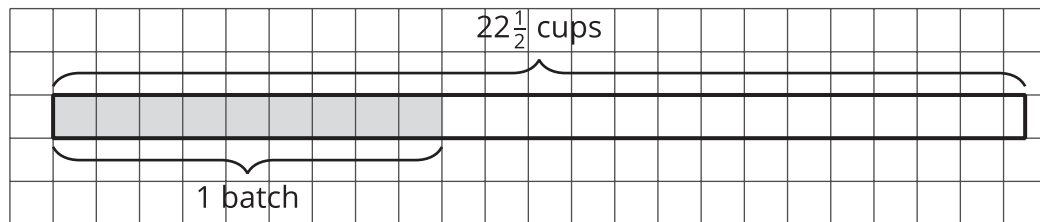


2. How many batches of soup did she make on Tuesday?

a. Multiplication equation:

Division equation:

b. Answer:

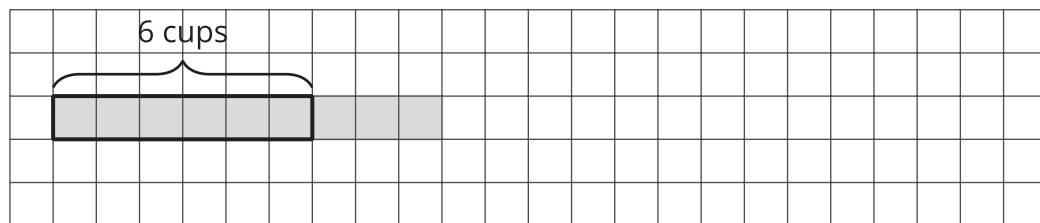


3. What fraction of a batch of soup did she make on Thursday?

a. Multiplication equation:

Division equation:

b. Answer:

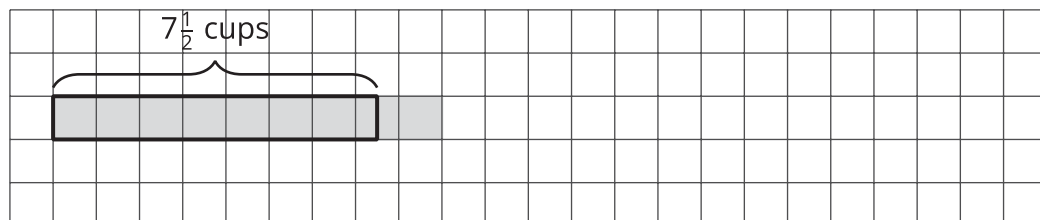


4. What fraction of a batch of soup did she make on Friday?

a. Multiplication equation:

Division equation:

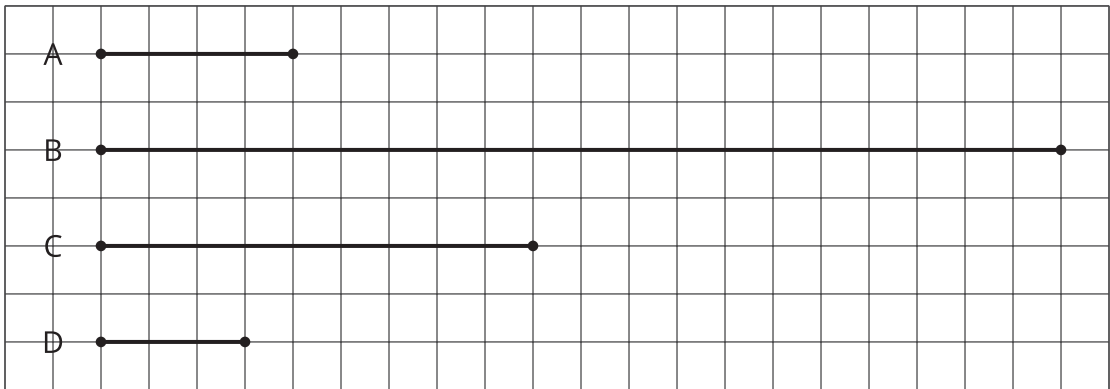
b. Answer:



7.3

Fractions of Ropes

Here is a diagram that shows four ropes of different lengths.



Complete each sentence comparing the ropes' lengths. Then write a multiplication equation and a division equation for each comparison.

| statement                                | multiplication equation | division equation |
|--|-------------------------|-------------------|
| Rope B is _____ times as long as Rope A. |                         |                   |
| Rope C is _____ times as long as Rope A. |                         |                   |
| Rope D is _____ times as long as Rope A. |                         |                   |
| Rope D is _____ times as long as Rope C. |                         |                   |

## Not Quite One Group

For each question, write a multiplication equation and a division equation. Then answer the question. You can draw a tape diagram if you find it helpful.

1. What fraction of 9 is 3?

a. Multiplication equation:

Division equation:

- b. Answer:

[illegible]

2. What fraction of 5 is  $\frac{1}{2}$ ?

a. Multiplication equation:

Division equation:

- b. Answer:

[illegible]

## Lesson 7 Summary

It is natural to think about groups when we have more than one group, but we can also have a fraction of a group.

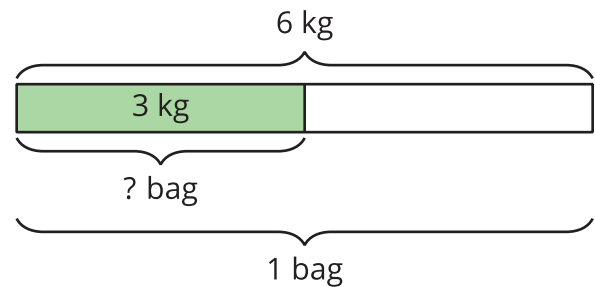
Sometimes an amount is less than the size of 1 group, and we want to know what fraction of a group that amount is.

Suppose a full bag of flour weighs 6 kg. A chef used 3 kg of flour. What fraction of a full bag was used? In other words, what fraction of 6 kg is 3 kg?

We can still write equations and draw a diagram to represent the situation.

$$? \cdot 6 = 3$$

$$3 \div 6 = ?$$



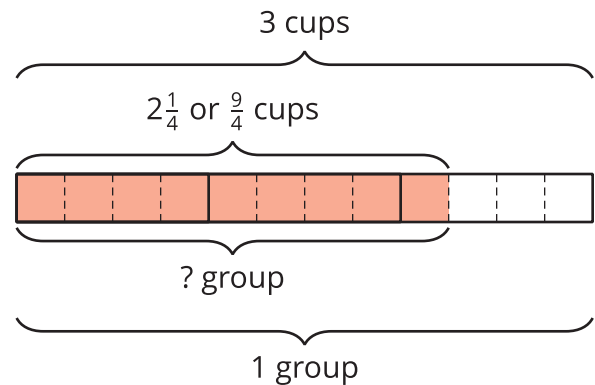
We can see from the diagram that 3 is  $\frac{1}{2}$  of 6, so  $3 \div 6 = \frac{1}{2}$ . We can check this quotient by multiplying:  $\frac{1}{2} \cdot 6 = 3$ .

In *any* situation where we want to know what fraction one number is of another number, we can write a multiplication equation and a division equation to help us find the answer.

For example, “What fraction of 3 is  $2\frac{1}{4}$ ?” can be expressed as:

$$? \cdot 3 = 2\frac{1}{4}$$

$$2\frac{1}{4} \div 3 = ?$$



The value of  $2\frac{1}{4} \div 3$  is also the answer to the original question.

We can use a diagram to reason that there are 12 fourths in 3 and 9 fourths in  $2\frac{1}{4}$ , so  $2\frac{1}{4}$  is  $\frac{9}{12}$ , or  $\frac{3}{4}$ , of 3. If we multiply  $\frac{3}{4}$  and 3, we get  $2\frac{1}{4}$ .