# Lesson 17: Representemos la división con diagramas en base diez

### Standards Alignments

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| --- | --- |
| Addressing | 4.NBT.B.6 |

### Teacher-facing Learning Goals

* Divide two- and three-digit by one-digit numbers using base-ten diagrams.

### Student-facing Learning Goals

* Dividamos usando bloques en base diez o diagramas.

### Lesson Purpose

The purpose of this lesson is for students to find the quotients of two-digit and three-digit dividends and one-digit divisors. They do so by decomposing the dividend by place value—decomposing a larger unit to 10 of a smaller unit—and by reasoning in terms of equal-size groups.

In grade 3, students used base-ten representations to help them reason about division of a two-digit number into equal-size groups. This lesson builds on that understanding and revisits it in the context of three-digit dividends. Students recall that they can exchange or decompose one or more units of a higher place value for 10 units of the next lower place value in order to have enough units to put into equal groups.

The work here sets the groundwork for students to later decompose a dividend by place value (even when not using base-ten blocks or diagrams). It is also the basis for dividing multi-digit numbers using the standard division algorithm (in grade 5), which relies on dividing by place value, one digit at a time.

### Access for:

###  Students with Disabilities

* Engagement (Activity 2)

###  English Learners

* MLR8 (Activity 1)

### Instructional Routines

Which One Doesn’t Belong? (Warm-up)

### Materials to Gather

* Base-ten blocks: Activity 1, Activity 2

### Lesson Timeline

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| --- | --- |
| Warm-up | 10 min |
| Activity 1 | 15 min |
| Activity 2 | 20 min |
| Lesson Synthesis | 10 min |
| Cool-down | 5 min |

### Teacher Reflection Question

How did the representations in today’s lesson support students in dividing multi-digit numbers?

## Cool-down

(to be completed at the end of the lesson) 5min

Encuentra el valor de un cociente

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### Student-facing Task Statement

Encuentra el valor de $132÷4$. Muestra cómo razonaste.

El diagrama en base diez representa 132. Si te ayuda, usa el diagrama.



### Student Responses

33. Sample reasoning:

* I know that $132=100+32$. I also know that $100÷4=25$ and $32÷4=8$, so $132÷4$ is the sum of 25 and 8, which is 33.
* The large square represents 1 hundred and can be decomposed into 10 tens. Now we have 13 tens. Twelve of the tens can be put into 4 groups of 3 tens. The last ten can be decomposed into 10 ones. There are now 12 ones, or 4 groups of 3 ones. Three tens and 3 ones is 33.
* I know that $120÷4=30$ and $12÷4=3$, so $132÷4=33$.