## Lesson 7: Multi-step Conversion Problems: Customary Length

* Let’s solve multi-step problems about customary length.

### Warm-up: Number Talk: Multiples of 12

Find the value of each expression mentally.

### 7.1: Card Sort: Customary Measurements

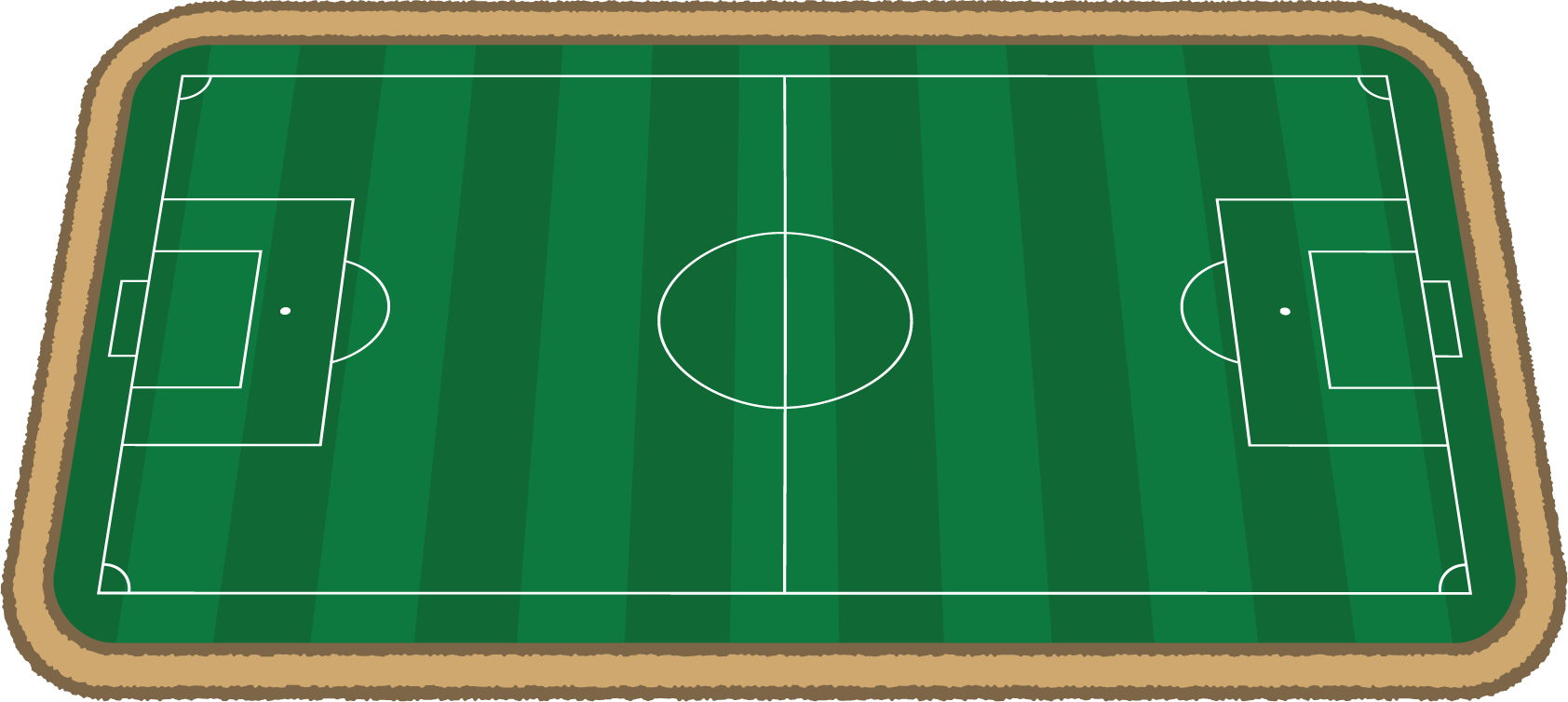
1. Your teacher will give you a set of cards that show different measurements. Sort the cards into 2 categories of your choosing. Be prepared to explain the meaning of your categories.

* (Pause for teacher directions.)

1. Match the cards with equal measurements. Then, list the groups of matching measurements in increasing order.

### 7.2: Run a Mile or Two

1. A rectangular field is 90 yards long and yards wide. Priya says that 6 laps around the field is more than a mile. Do you agree with Priya?

* Explain or show your reasoning.
* 

1. A different rectangular field is feet long and feet wide. How many laps around this field would Priya need to run if she wants to run at least 2 miles?

### Section Summary

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In this section we studied powers of 10 and conversions between units. We learned that we can write a product of 10s like as . The number 4 is an exponent and it means that there are 4 factors of 10.

We also converted between different measurement units, mostly metric lengths. For example, there are 1,000 millimeters in a meter and 1,000 meters in a kilometer. This means that there are or millimeters in a kilometer. We could also say that there are millimeters in a kilometer. We also used our understanding of decimals to make conversions. For example, since there are 1,000 meters in a kilometer that means that each meter is or 0.001 kilometers. So 853 meters can also be written as 0.853 kilometers.



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