Describing and Graphing Situations

Let's look at some fun functions around us and try to describe them!

1.1 Bagel Shop



FRESH BAGELS!

1 bagel	$ 1.25
6 bagels	$ 6.00
9 bagels	$ 8.00
12 bagels	$ 10.00

Your teacher will give you instructions for completing the table.

A customer at a bagel shop is buying 13 bagels. The shopkeeper says, "That would be $16.25."

Jada, Priya, and Han, who are in the shop, all think it is a mistake.

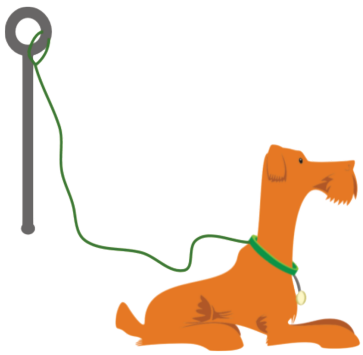
- Jada says to her friends, "Shouldn't the total be $13.25?"
- Priya says, "I think it should be $13.00."
- Han says, "No, I think it should be $11.25."

Explain how the shopkeeper, Jada, Priya, and Han could all be right.

number of bagels	
1	
2	
3	
4	
5	
6	
7	
8	
9	
10	
11	
12	
13	

1.2 Be Right Back!

Three days in a row, a dog owner tied his dog's 5-foot-long leash to a post outside a store while he ran into the store to get a drink. Each time, the owner returned within minutes.



The dog's movement each day is described here.

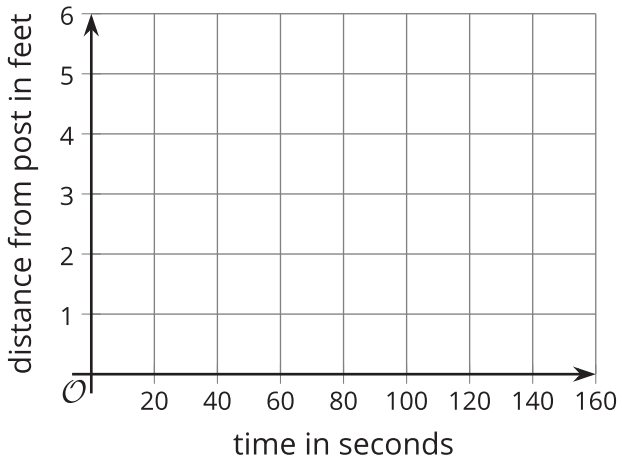
- Day 1: The dog walked around the entire time while waiting for its owner.
- Day 2: The dog walked around for the first minute and then laid down until its owner returned.
- Day 3: The dog tried to follow its owner into the store but was stopped by the leash. Then, it started walking around the post in one direction. It kept walking until its leash was completely wound up around the post. The dog stayed there until its owner returned.

- Each day, the dog was 1.5 feet away from the post when the owner left.
- Each day, 60 seconds after the owner left, the dog was 4 feet from the post.

Your teacher will assign one of the days for you to analyze.

Sketch a graph that could represent the relationship between the dog's distance from the post, in feet, and time, in seconds, since the owner left.

Day _____



Are you ready for more?

From the graph, is it possible to tell how many times the dog changed directions while walking around? Explain your reasoning.

1.3 Talk about a Function

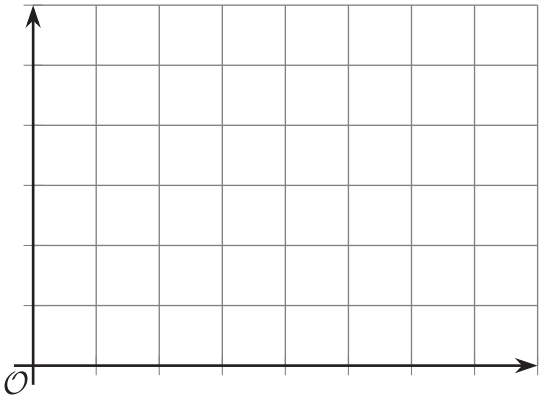
Here are two pairs of quantities from a situation you've seen in this lesson. Each pair has a relationship that can be defined as a **function**.

- time, in seconds, since the dog owner left and the total number of times the dog has barked
- time, in seconds, since the owner left and the total distance, in feet, that the dog has walked while waiting

Choose one pair of quantities, and express their relationship as a function.

1. In that function, which variable is **independent**? Which one is **dependent**?
2. Write a sentence of the form "_____ is a function of _____."

3. Sketch a possible graph of the relationship on the coordinate plane. Be sure to label and indicate a scale on each axis, and be prepared to explain your reasoning.



Lesson 1 Summary

A relationship between two quantities is a **function** if there is exactly one output for each input. We call the input the **independent variable** and the output the **dependent variable**.

Let's look at the relationship between the amount of time since a plane takes off, in seconds, and the plane's height above the ground, in feet.

- These two quantities form a function if time is the independent variable (the input) and height is the dependent variable (the output). This is because at any amount of time since takeoff, the plane could be at only one height above the ground.

  For example, 50 seconds after takeoff, the plane might have a height of 180 feet. At that moment, it cannot be simultaneously 180 feet and 95 feet above the ground.

  For any input, there is only one possible output, so the height of the plane is *a function of* the time since takeoff.

- The two quantities do not form a function, however, if we consider height as the input and time as the output. This is because the plane can be at the same height for multiple lengths of times since takeoff.

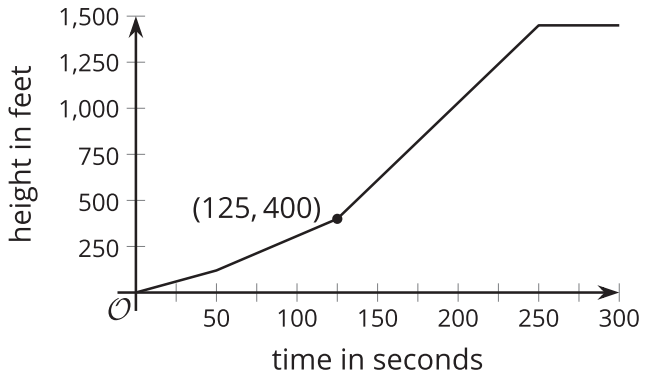
  For instance, the plane will likely be 100 feet above the ground shortly after takeoff as well as shortly before landing.

  For an input, there are multiple possible outputs, so the time since takeoff is *not a function of* the height of the plane.

Functions can be represented in many ways—with a verbal description, a table of values, a graph, an expression or an equation, or a set of ordered pairs.

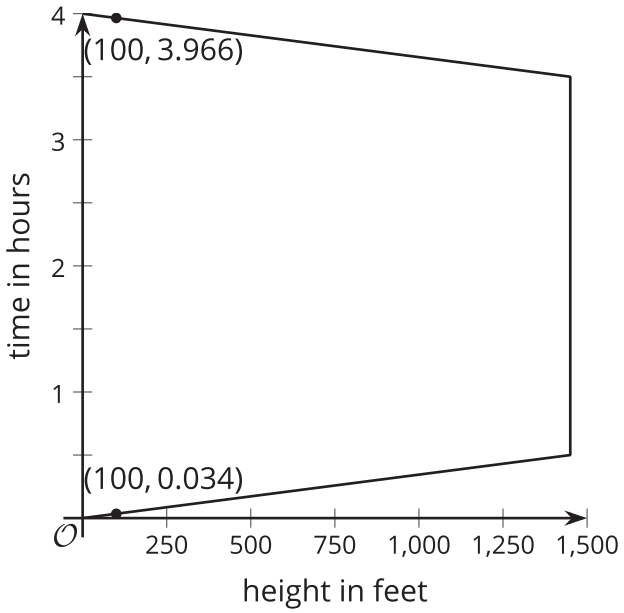
When a function is represented with a graph, each point on the graph is a specific pair of an input and output.

Here is a graph that shows the height of a plane as a function of time since takeoff.



It is a function because there is one output for each input. The point $(125, 400)$ on the function's graph tells us that 125 seconds after takeoff, the height of the plane is 400 feet.

Here is a graph that shows the time since takeoff as the output and the height of the plane as the input.



This is not a function because an input of 100 feet has two possible outputs.